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## Application of camera-trapping data to study daily activity patterns of Galliformes in Guangdong Chebaling National Nature Reserve

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**Abstract:** Animal activity patterns and temporal niches can indicate the distribution of animal behavior and the utilization resources over time. Environmental variables and interspecific interactions have important effects on animal activity and temporal niche partitioning. These two factors in turn can help understand mechanisms of niche partitioning among sympatric species as species coexistence and community composition. Due to the extensive use and deployment of infrared cameras for nearly a decade, a large amount of timerecorded behavioral data has been accumulated. These data are conducive to studying activity rhythms and temporal niches in depth. In the present paper, we reviewed research on animal activity using infrared cameras in combination with in situ monitoring data from the Guangdong Chebaling National Nature Reserve to better understand three Galliformes species. A kernel density was used to estimate the activity and interspecific effects of a single species as well as for multispecies activity. Our study reveals a moderate overlap among Galliformes species, *Lophura nycthemera*, *Arborophila gingica* and *Bambusicola thoracica*, which may be caused by interspecific competition. We discuss the limitations of daily activity analyses to

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give a reference for similar research.

Key words: daily activity pattern; infrared camera; Galliformes; kernel density estimation; species coexistence; Guangdong Chebaling National Nature Reserve

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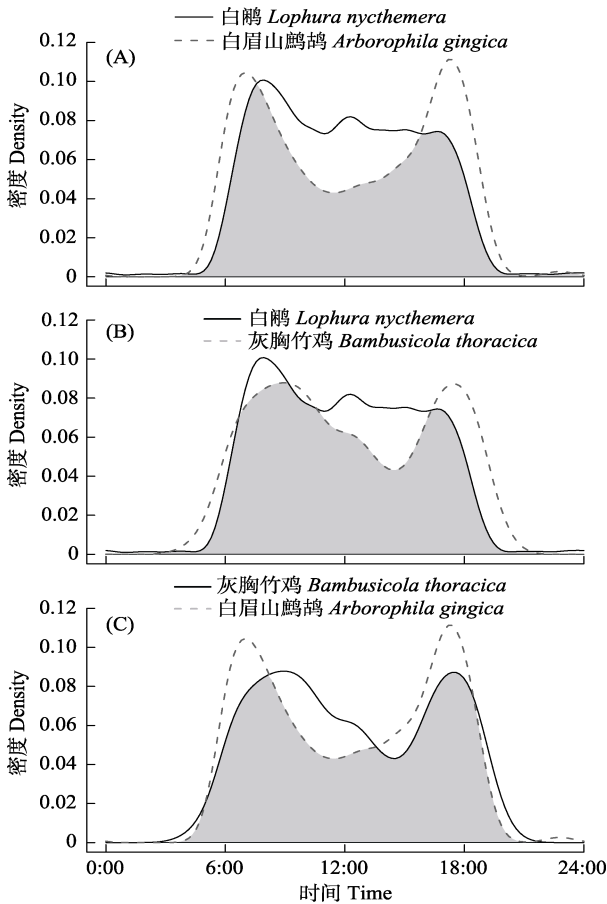
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Fig. 1 Comparison of daily activity patterns of Lophura nycthemera, Arborophila gingica and Bambusicola thoracica in Chebaling National Nature Reserve. The overlapping coefficient equals the area in grey.

3 APAÖ

\.D0! E- ) Ý Ô j , ' 3 /ýTQ '- TO2« j.D 0! )B', G÷+X h ö Ö `AÑ é# )3/ýTO2« , ' #k Ø 8² » ú |Gý 0; Ö F > | ¶ 6 À , )àE- ) Ý Ô j ], -Tw Ä , --9 jT—TZ ¼ & 7(1)TQ1y3 ZTQ '- (TM/ý {L\$ ^ X = <0; Ö , ' 1 1, (TM/ýL\$#k Ø8² » x)à j ]1y0; Ö , ' Gy Ä < & \.D0! ) Ø(TM #k Ø8² » ú |Gý 0; Ö , ' ž 6 À-( £ , R B @0Eÿ & 5F > | ¶ B 4ö û4ý, j - µ Ø(TM#k Ø8² » .D0! È ò63 Ä #k Ø8² » 6 À , ' 5 ÌF : 3P , ' j ý Ä Ø (TM #k Ø8² » \ ` l L & K , ' j ý , \* ¼ :m & L\$ , ' F , 8\$(TM/ý#k ØQ } F & F , T i \_ XQ 4Ü Ö ` j , l L K Ö ¼ \* :m & L\$ ^ X > n , ' "8² W F, = < "8² ) < /ý Ø(TM B3 5 Ì 7- Z f = < , ! , = < 4Ü Ö ` j , " E³ .D0! j , \* :m & L\$ , ' Ø 1 ) Ø(TM#k Ø8² » , ' j ý = é - ?ö (Aschöf, 1966; Nouvellet et al, 2012) F Ø(TM#k Ø8² » , " E³ .D0! • 0 - \_ X < 04Ü Ö ¼ -( < " 8² , ' = < j L\$ F > | Ä \.D0! j G÷+X < 0.D0! ` & é , ' TQ '- TO2« , #k Ø ž , ! , = +X63 < • ` j \* :m & L\$ 2 , ' j ý , v \.D0! G÷+X , ' ž L ö j Ô j ~ α , - # { ž , 7- ^ X \* :m & L\$ " 8² W 2 , ' j ý , XF 0! , ' .D0! j Ä63 < • = < " 8² , TQ '- TO2« #k Ø8² » , ' 2" E³ Ä5 Ô :m µ(TM/ý , ' #k Ø8² » ú |Gý 0; Ö < & ` ) ß ³ ß Ö ú ê2« ç , ' j ý , ) ß ³ 3P ¼ ê j ç , 8\$ #k Ø Gy F , ' ?ö » ¼ j f 9 µ F 0! • .D0! Ä Ø(TM#k Ø8² » ` ÎP¼ Aî AÑ ú -( j 3Aî é x , ' j ý Ä- } Ä+X ¾ #k Ø8² » 6 À , ' ž J • \$ Ä ¾ +O(TM J g W- # { .D0! j k , ' ÎP¼ Aî AÑ Ä! "2 • .D0! , ' -( j 3Aî é x > #k Ø8² » .D0! j k , ' -( j 3 Aî é x 9 p = < , > 65M0?± \$ J `63 < • .D0! )B' , ' #k Ø93 \$ > -( j , ' L\$ LÄD /ë , = < , ' -( j L\$ D F2+X ¾ = < , ' Ø(TM2« 5 Ô , #k Ø8² » .D0! (O'Connell et al, 2011) Ä +O(TM J g W- # { B3 j- , ' -( j 3Aî \* ÈD /ë- # { p 9 Ø(TM2« 5 Ô , = 7-% Cã(© È & L\$ !â µ Ø(TM > Û4Ò F-( j Äà ... , ' ²) . > ! \ DÜ#k Ø j Ö @! "-( £" , ' ) wAî , Ä+XB 2« ž 6 À Ø(TM#k Ø8² » & 7- J \*)à • (Rowcliffe et al, 2014) Ä X Ø(TM#k Ø8² » .D0! , ' -( j 3Aî é x ], -( j L\$ D 08 \ = C µ E ÷ (TM /ý æ , ' - \$ ' D /ë

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8\*BX 感谢广东车八岭国家级自然保护区管理人员以及野外调查人员的支持。

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 Appendix 1 The research papers of animal activity pattern using infrared camera in China (before June 2018)  
<http://www.biodiversity-science.net/fileup/PDF/2018178-1.pdf>

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 Appendix 2 The activity data of three Galliformes species in Guangdong Chebaling National Nature Reserve  
<http://www.biodiversity-science.net/fileup/PDF/2018178-2>

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 Appendix 3 The Role of activity analysis of three Galliformes species  
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